## Edexcel IGCSE

Physics
4420: 1F, 2H \& 03

November 2006

Mark Scheme

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## IGCSE PHYSICS 4420, NOVEMBER 2006 MARK SCHEME

## Paper 1F

## Question 1

| Qu part |  | Extra information | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| (a) | distance <br> time | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| (b)(i) | B and D |  |  |
| (ii) | C | E | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| (iii) | A |  | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| (c) | ANY THREE: | reverse direction |  |
|  | going backwards | $4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |
|  | same speed as A | $-4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ score 1 ${ }^{\text {st } 2 \text { marks }}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | ends up back at start | constant velocity | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | constant speed |  |  |

(Total 7 marks)

## Question 2

| Qu part | Answer | Extra information | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a)(i) | chemical |  | 1 |
|  | electrical |  | 1 |
| (ii) | electrical |  | 1 |
|  | heat |  | 1 |
| (iii) | voltage | potential difference | 1 |
|  | resistance | resistor/other components | 1 |
| (b)(i) | three points plotted to within $1 / 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ | -1 for each misplot up to a maximum of two | 2 |
|  | smooth curve |  | 1 |
| (ii) | $34.5{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | credit response in range $34{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-36^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1 |
| (iii) | below |  | 1 |

## Question 3

## Qu part

(a) point
weight
(b)(i) centre of gravity higher

X (horizontally) nearer to A
(ii) pot : wider/shallower/thicker base

## Extra information

Mark1

X is higher $\mathbf{1}$

X on other side of A
1
(iii) stove : wider

## (Total 6 marks)

## Question 4

Qu part

(b) G
(c) cancer
(d) heating

## Extra information

 Mark possible creditignore whatever may be written in the boxes above unless no lines are drawn then refer to the boxes for
mutations
night vision

## Question 5

Qu partAnswerExtra informationMark
(a) transverse ..... 1
(b) wavelength ..... 1
(size of) gap in either order ..... 1
(c) same wavelength ..... 1
less curvature ..... 1
(Total 5 marks)
Question 6
Qu part Answer Extra information ..... Mark
(a)(i) magnetised or other way round ..... 1
demagnetised ..... 1
(ii) iron ..... 1
(b)(i) induced ..... 1
(ii) N ..... 1
S ..... 1
(iii) lines go from north to south ..... 1

## Question 7

Qu part
Answer
Extra information
Mark
1
(a) 8
9 ..... 1
81
(b) beryllium/Be both and no other(s) ..... 1
(c) unstable ..... 1
random ..... 1
(Total 6 marks)
Question 8
Qu part
AnswerExtra informationMark
(a) decreases reduces / lessens ..... 1
or words to that effect ..... 1
(c)(i) tracer ..... 1
(c)(ii) 4 hours ..... 1
(iii) $4 \mathrm{~s}:$ too short to get ..... 1 information
4 y : stays active (in body) too long ..... 1

## Question 9

(a)(i) $F_{1}+F_{2}=500$
(a)(ii) $F_{1}+F_{2}=500$
(a)(iii) $F_{1}=250(\mathrm{~N})$ and $F_{2}=250(\mathrm{~N})$
(a)(iv) the beam has no weight
the weight of the beam (and hooks) is negligible
the beam (itself) has no effect on the walls
(b) ..clockwise....anticlockwise

Question 10
(a)(i) (in) parallel
(a)(ii) can be switched on (and off)
separately
(a)(iii) $1 /$ one

8 / eight
(b)(i) $\quad \underline{\text { variable resistor } / \underline{\text { variable }}} \quad \underline{\text { resistance } / \text { rheostat } / \text { resistance }}$ box
(b)(ii) use/ adjust X / (variable) resistor to reduce resistance
or any rearranged version
1
or any rearranged version 1
both required 1
if (i) and (ii) are blank can credit $F_{1}+F_{2}=500$ if seen here

ANY ONE
both required in either order
(Total 5marks)

1

## Question 11

(a) (triangular) prism not rectangular ..... 1
(b)(i) line from top prism down centreallow minor imperfections if the1of periscope tube reflected fromback surface of bottom prism
(b)(ii) total internal reflection ..... 1
(c)(i) line from top mirror down centre allow minor imperfections if the ..... 1 of periscope tube reflected from centre of bottom mirror
intention is clear
(c)(ii) reflectionnot 'total internal reflection'1accept 'partial reflection'(c)(iii) (plane) mirror
intention is clear
(Total 6 marks)
Question 12
(a)(i) E ..... 1
(a)(ii) line from watch down centre of tube reflected from surface up centre of tube $\underline{E}$
correct direction indicated need not show more than one ..... 1 arrow but do not credit if more than one shown and they contradict
if (i) is incorrect can score $2^{\text {nd }}$ mark in (ii)
(b) reflected ..... 1
...incidence...reflection both required in either order ..... 1
(c) to block out the (other) sound OWTTE ..... 1
dop ..... 1
coming (directly) from the watch 'which could distract/confuse''which would be louder than tubeA'

## Question 13

(a) increases 1
(b) weight
or gravity/gravitational
1
(c) friction
not air friction
1
(d) decreases or returns to normal/atmospheri (pressure)
(e) increase
faster/ more kinetic energy
1
(Total 5 marks)

## Question 14

| (a)liquid solid both correct | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | gas $\quad$ solid | both correct | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| (b)(i) | vibration (only) no ecf | do not credit if any suggestion that <br> particles are moving about | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| (b)(ii) | no movement | OWTTE | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| (c) | $-273^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unit essential) | 0 K |  |
|  |  | allow $0^{\circ} \mathrm{K}$ or absolute zero | $\mathbf{1}$ |

(Total 5 marks)

## Question 15

(a) connect input to side B or output to side A
(b) to prevent the electricity going through the iron/core
(c) $12(\mathrm{~V})$
(d) (alternating) magnetic field/flux magnet / magnetisation

OWTTE
'secondary has more turns than primary'
or 'prevent shorting'
do not credit response in terms of preventing shocks or of heat insulation
appropriate equation which will solve to give 12 scores 1
electromagnetic induction
1
induced voltage
induced current

## Question 16



## Paper 2H

## Question 1

(a)(i) $F_{1}+F_{2}=500$
(a)(ii) $F_{1}+F_{2}=500$
(a)(iii) $F_{1}=250(\mathrm{~N})$ and $F_{2}=250(\mathrm{~N})$
(a)(iv) the beam has no weight
the weight of the beam (and hooks) is negligible
the beam (itself) has no effect on the walls
(b) ..clockwise....anticlockwise
both required in either order
(Total 5marks)

## Question 2



## Question 3

(a) (triangular) prism not rectangular ..... 1
(b)(i) line from top prism down centre allow minor imperfections if the ..... 1 of periscope tube reflected from back surface of bottom prism
intention is clear(b)(ii) total internal reflection1
(c)(i) line from top mirror down centre allow minor imperfections if the ..... 1 of periscope tube reflected from centre of bottom mirror
intention is clear
(c)(ii) reflectionnot 'total internal reflection'1accept 'partial reflection'
(c)(iii) (plane) mirror
(Total 6 marks)
Question 4
(a)(i) E ..... 1
(a)(ii) line from watch down centre of tube reflected from surface up centre of tube $\underline{E}$
correct direction indicated need not show more than one ..... 1 arrow but do not credit if more than one shown and they contradict
if (i) is incorrect can score $2^{\text {nd }}$ mark in (ii)
(b) reflected ..... 1
...incidence...reflection both required in either order ..... 1
(c) to block out the (other) sound OWTTE ..... 1
dop ..... 1
coming (directly) from the watch 'which could distract/confuse''which would be louder than tubeA'

## Question 5

(a) increases 1
(b) weight
or gravity/gravitational
1
(c) friction not air friction 1
(d) decreases or returns to normal/atmospheri (pressure)
(e) increase
faster/ more kinetic energy
1
(Total 5 marks)

## Question 6

| (a)liquid solid both correct | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | gas $\quad$ solid | both correct | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| (b)(i) | vibration (only) no ecf | do not credit if any suggestion that <br> particles are moving about | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| (b)(ii) | no movement | OWTTE | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| (c) | $-273^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unit essential) | 0 K |  |
|  |  | allow $0^{\circ} \mathrm{K}$ or absolute zero | $\mathbf{1}$ |

## (Total 5 marks)

## Question 7

(a) connect input to side B or output to side A
(b) to prevent the electricity going through the iron/core
(c) $12(\mathrm{~V})$
(d) (alternating) magnetic field/flux magnet / magnetisation

OWTTE
'secondary has more turns than primary'
or 'prevent shorting'
do not credit response in terms of preventing shocks or of heat insulation
appropriate equation which will solve to give 12 scores 1
electromagnetic induction
1
induced voltage
induced current

## Question 8

(a) Geiger-Müller(tube)/Geiger counter
(b)(i) beta $/ \beta$ or ' $\beta$ and $\gamma$ '

## dop

(b)(ii) (beta) is not stopped by paper/non-metal
(beta) is reduced/stopped by aluminium/metal
(c) lower reading/ reading (remains at) just background
allow Geiger-Marsden tube/GM tube accept minor misspellings

1 1
or alpha is stopped by paper/non2 metal
or gamma is not stopped/reduced by paper/or aluminium/light or low density metal not 'no reading'

1
(Total 5 marks)

## Question 9

(a) recall $n=\sin i / \sin r$
$\sin 36^{\circ} / \sin 23^{\circ}=1.50$ 1
(b)(i) more
(b)(ii) dop
$n$ greater slows down more
1
therefore $r$ less for same $i$
$r$ less than $23^{\circ}$
(c) Technicians list
raybox/pins/laser
paper
board
protractor
rule
set square
pencil/pen
ANY THREE torch(0)

## Question 10

(a) acceleration -1 for every wrong answer ..... 1
velocity ..... 1
(b)(i) acceleration/to the right ..... 1
/backwards/clockwise
(b)(ii) $F=2100-1950=150$ ..... 1
$a=F / m=150 / 300=\underline{0.5}$ ..... 1
$\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ ..... 1
(c)(i) weight - downwards gravitational pull/force ..... 1 gravity(0)air resistance - upwards
drag / air friction ..... 1 upthrust (0)
(c)(ii) upward force = downward force / ..... 1
no unbalanced force
no acceleration ..... 1
(Total 10 marks)

## Question 11

(a)(i) $1.5 \times 0.5 \times 120$ 90 scores 1 out of 2 ..... 1$\times 60=5400(\mathrm{~J})$1
(a)(ii) d.c. ..... 1
(a)(iii) d.c. current always in same dependent on (i) ..... 1 direction / current constant
a.c. current would go negative / vary
(b) $\quad Q=I \times t \quad$ or $\quad I=\frac{Q}{t}$

## Question 12

(a) microphone 1
(b)(i) $\quad T=0.1 \mathrm{~s}$ 1
$f=1 / 0.1=\underline{10}$
Hz
(b)(ii) outside/below audible range

20 Hz or 5 Hz scores 2
for any other value look at (i) must ecf
allow TE from calculated value
(Total 5 marks)

## Question 13

(a) advantages:
takes up little space
no pollution
no greenhouse gases
not dependent on weather
disadvantages:
fixed site
not many sites
brings up hazardous minerals
(b) top line D C

## ANY TWO

do not credit answers involving cost.
contradictory statements do not score

ANY TWO
bottom line A B
(c)(i) sensible use of grid and correct orientation
axes labelled with quantities and units
points plotted correctly to $\pm 1 \mathrm{~mm} \quad-1$ for each misplot up to a maximum of 2
(c)(ii) smooth curve
(c)(iii) 540 m
$520 \mathrm{~m}-560 \mathrm{~m}$

## Question 14

(a) celsius temperature
(b) when tyres heat up

1
pressure increases as pressure is for cold air $\quad \mathbf{1}$
no credit for 'pressure decreasing'
(c) $(200 \times 310) / 290$
$=214(\mathrm{kPa})$
(d)(i) pressure $=$ force $/$ area
$p=\frac{F}{A}$ or rearranged
(d)(ii) $A=F / p=10000 / 200000=0.05 \quad 10000 / 4=2500$ formula can score here if stated $0.05 / 4=\underline{0.0125}\left(\mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)$
$2500 / 200000=0.0125\left(\mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)$
(Total 8 marks)

## Question 15

$\left.\begin{array}{llll}\text { (a) } \begin{array}{ll}\text { neutron collides with uranium } \\ \text { nucleus }\end{array} & \text { ANY THREE } & \text { 3 } \\ & \begin{array}{l}\text { uranium splits (into two fission } \\ \text { fragments) }\end{array} & & \\ & \text { plus } 2 \text { or } 3 \text { neutrons } & \text { small number - no other }\end{array}\right)$

## Question 16

(a)(i) I correctly labelled ..... 1
(a)(ii) N on left must ecf from (i0 ..... 1
S on right
(a)(iii)
move magnets closer together more turns on coil increase current

ANY TWO 2
stronger magnets
reduce value of variable resistance
(b)(i) recall GPE $=m \times g \times h \quad 1$
$0.080 \times 10 \times 0.70=\underline{0.56}(\mathrm{~J}) \quad \mathbf{1}$
(b)(ii) $0.56(\mathrm{~J}) \quad$ ecf 1
(b)(iii) $=0.56 / 4=0.14 \quad$ ecf from (ii) $\quad \mathbf{1}$
W
J/s
1

Question 17
(a)(i) joule1
coulomb
(a)(ii) $20 / 0.5=40(\mathrm{~V}) \quad 1$
(b) metal(lic) 1
electrons 1

## Question 18

(a)(i) some (of the remainder) were ..... 1
deviated through large angles
(a)(ii) concept of a nucleus ..... 2
ANY TWOpositive charges confined to thenucleus
$2^{\text {nd }}$ mark scores 2negative charges around the outsideof the atom/outside nucleus
(b)(i) detect (alpha) particles/show ..... 1
flashes of light
(b)(ii) direct alpha particles at foil/protect ..... 1 operator
(b)(iii) avoid collisions between alpha ..... 1 particles and air (gas) particles/so they reach gold foil/avoid ionisation

## Paper 3

## Question 1

Part Answer(s)
(a) $34\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$

## Extra Information

Mark(s)
(b) (i) appropriate headings (1)
all in order (1)
no 'unit' given for marbles and $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$
or ml for volume
(1)
(b) appropiate head
)
example
number of volume $/ \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ marbles
$1 \quad 39$

250
$3 \quad 61$
$4 \quad 72$
$5 \quad 91$
$6 \quad 94$
allow consequential credit thereafter if, for example, one or more pairs are not listed
allow error carried forward
3
deduct (1) for up to each of two points which is incorrect or a blob
or otherwise correctly identified
1
a ruler has been used and the anomalous result has been disregarded
(v) $28\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{ml}\right)$ or correct from candidate's line 1
(vi) $105\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$
(c) use scales/(top pan) balance
(1)
to find the mass of the marbles (1)
put water in the measuring cylinder and note its volume
(1)
use enough water so that (you judge)
it will cover the marbles (when they are added)
(1)
but not too much so that it will/is
likely to overflow
(1)
add marbles, note volume then do not credit if it is stated or difference in volume $=$ volume of marbles
(1)
do not credit 'weight ...'
do not credit if this is done at the end when the marbles are wet
implied that only one marble is used

## Question 2

Part Answer(s)
(a) (i) newtonmeter
(ii) 17
(iii) (clamp/retort) stand
(b) (i) ruler
(ii) $22(\mathrm{~mm})$
(c) $130(\mathrm{~mm})$
(d) (i) 75 (mm)
(ii) all four points 'correct'
just three points 'correct'
(iii) straight line of best fit through the origin
(iv) either
extension is (directly) proportional to
(the) load
or
spring obeys Hooke's Law
(v) valid suggestion (1)
appropriate explanation (1)

Extra Information
or newton balance
or spring balance
do not credit '23'
do not credit 'holder'
allow 'metre rule'
allow 'tape measure'
allow any value between 21-
22 mm inclusive
correct means not 'blobs' and ..... 2
centre correct to 1 mm any
direction
a ruler has been used
1
allow converse (2)
or just 'as load gets bigger so does the extension' (1)
examples
2
more readings/ results/ measurements to improve reliability
measure extension as unloaded to check that (elastic) limit has not been exceeded repeat readings to check (accuracy)

## Question 3

Part Answer(s)
Extra Information
Mark(s)(a) $88\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
(b) measure the diameter of the beakers
(1)
(c) (i)
(d) suggested improvement
calculate half the difference (1)
starts at the same point (1) steeper gradient
(1) levels out at the same (room)
temperature levels out at the same (room)
temperature
(ii) so that the results can be compared (1)
(e) cools more quickly (1)
either
damp sawdust is not such a good
insulator (1)
(because) (trapped) water is not such a good insulator as (trapped)
air (1)
or
(some of the) water (in the damp
sawdust) will evaporate (1)
this will cause/increase heat loss (1)
accept 'measure across the beakers'
or $d=$ half the difference or $d=$ the difference in radii (of the beakers) for both marks
not just stops at the dashed line
or so that any difference is due only to the thickness (of the insulation)
or so it's a fair test
do not credit 'it's a control (experiment)'
examples
stir the water before taking the temperature (1)
to get a better (average) result (1) have an insulated/ better fitting/ non-metal lid (1)
to reduce heat loss (through the lid) (1)
or 'graph line is steeper'
3
for either mark, credit words to that effect in terms of conduction

## Question 4

## Part Answer(s)

(a) heatproof mat used to protect the bench (1)
water in beaker, supported by tripod and gauze, heated by spirit burner
(1)
thermistor and thermometer in water (1)
move/adjust spirit burner to (try to) keep temperature constant/at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (1)
(b) (i) $0.66(\mathrm{~A})$
(ii) $4.2(0)(\mathrm{V})$
(c) it/resistance will increase because resistance decreases as it gets hotter/ temperature rises

## Extra Information

this and other marks may either be from written response or from candidate's diagram but do not credit if these contradict not credit if these contradict

## Mark(s)

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